

|              |   | L07          |
|--------------|---|--------------|
| Installation | & | Maintenance  |
|              |   | Instructions |

Thread Form

B....ISO Rc taper

G....ISO G parallel

A....PTF

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**Current Models** 

# **Micro-Fog® Tool Lubricator**

L07 - \*\*\*

Flow

P....Unidirectional

2,3 to 2,8 (20 to 25)

0,56 to 1,13 (5 to 10)

|   |                                    | L0   |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Port<br>11/8"<br>21/4"  | Options<br>Not applicable          | Lubricator Type<br>MMicro-Fog  |
| <ul> <li>21/4"</li> <li>TECHNICAL DATA Fluid: Compressed air Maximum pressure: Transparent bowl: 10 bar (150 psig) Metal bowl: 17 bar (250 psig) Operating temperature*: Transparent bowl: -20° to +50°C (0° to +125°F) Metal bowl: -20° to +80°C (0° to +175°F) * Air supply must be dry enough to avoid ice formation at temperatures below +2°C (+35°F). Start point (minimum flow required for lubricator operation) at 6,3 bar (90 psig) inlet pressure: 0,24 dm<sup>3</sup>/s (0.5 scfm) Typical flow with 6,3 bar (90 psig) inlet pressure and 0,5 bar (7 psig) pressure drop: 1/8" Ports: 6,7 dm<sup>3</sup>/s (14 scfm) Nominal bowl size: 31 ml (1 fluid ounce) Manual drain connection: 1/8" pipe thread Materials:</li> </ul> |                                    | <ul> <li>DISASSEMBLY</li> <li>1. Lubricator can<br/>line.</li> <li>2. Shut off inlet p<br/>outlet lines to</li> <li>3. Turn reservoir</li> <li>4. Disassemble ii<br/>numbers on ei<br/>unless replace<br/>only if drain m<br/>siphon tube or<br/>permanently a</li> <li>CLEANING</li> <li>1. Clean plastic r<br/>parts using wa</li> <li>2. Dry parts. Bloo<br/>dry compresse</li> <li>3. Inspect parts.<br/>plastic reservo<br/>replace with a</li> </ul> |
|   | parent nylon<br>rile<br>ircled<br> | ASSEMBLY<br>1. Lubricate seals<br>small amount<br>threads on me<br>2. Assemble lubr<br>3. Torque Table<br>3, 14 (Dome)<br>9, 10, 13, 25,   |
| Manual drain (8, 12, 24, 31)  | 773-03                             |  |

#### INSTALLATION

- 1. Shut-off air pressure. Install lubricator in air line -
- vertically (reservoir down),
- · with air flow in direction of arrow on body,
- · downstream of filters and regulators,
- upstream of cycling valves,
- as close as possible to the device being lubricated, 2. Connect piping to proper ports using pipe thread sealant on male threads only. Do not allow sealant to enter
- interior of unit. 3. Turn reservoir fully clockwise into body before pressurizing.

## FILL RESERVOIR WITH OIL

Shut off inlet air pressure and reduce pressure in reservoir to zero. Remove reservoir and fill with a good quality, light, misting type oil for compressed air tools. See Norgren publication N/AL.8.900.935. Fill to maximum fill line on reservoir. DO NOT OVERFILL. Reinstall reservoir and turn fully clockwise into body before pressurizing. Tighten as specified in Torque Table.

### ADJUSTMENT

#### 1. Turn on system pressure.

- 2. Adjust lubricator drip rate only when there is a constant rate of air flow thru the lubricator. Monitor drip rate thru sight feed dome (3, 14).
- 3 Determine the average rate of flow thru the lubricator. Turn red rotator in sight feed dome to obtain the recommended drops per minute. See Drip Rate Chart. Turn rotator counterclockwise to increase and clockwise to decrease the drip rate. Total travel of rotator is 320°.
- 4. Monitor the device being lubricated for a few days following initial adjustment. Adjust the drip rate if the oil delivery at the device appears either excessive or low.

#### **Drip Rate Chart**

| Flow - dm <sup>3</sup> /s (scfm) | Drops per Minute |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| 0,24 (0.5)                       | 4                |
| 0,47 (1)                         | 5                |
| 0,94 (2)                         | 8                |
| 1,42 (3)                         | 10               |
| 1,89 (4)                         | 12               |
| 2,36 (5)                         | 14               |
| 2,83 (6)                         | 16               |
| 3,30 (7)                         | 19               |
| 3,78 (8)                         | 21               |
| 4,25 (9)                         | 23               |
| 4,72 (10)                        | 25               |
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- og BLY
- r can be disassembled without removal from air
- nlet pressure. Reduce pressure in inlet and es to zero.
- rvoir counterclockwise and remove from body ble in general accordance with the item on exploded view. Do not remove manual drain placement is necessary. Remove and replace ain malfunctions.Do not attempt to remove be on early models, as these parts are ntly assembled.
- stic reservoir with warm water only. Clean other ng warm water and soap.
- Blow out internal passages in body with clean, ressed air.
- arts. Replace parts found to be damaged. If servoir shows signs of cracking or cloudiness, ith a metal reservoir.
- seals and o-rings with o-ring grease. Apply a ount of anti-seize lubricant to full length of n metal reservoirs.
- lubricator as shown on exploded view. N-m (Inch-Pounds)
- able
- me 25, 28, 32 (Reservoir)

These products are intended for use in industrial compressed air systems only. Do not use these products where pressures and temperatures can exceed those listed under Technical Data.

Polycarbonate plastic reservoirs can be damaged and possibly burst if exposed to such substances as certain solvents, strong alkalies, compressor oils containing ester-based additives or synthetic oils. Fumes of these substances in contact with the polycarbonate reservoir, externally or internally, can also result in damage. Clean with warm water only

Use metal reservoir in applications where a plastic reservoir might be exposed to substances that are incompatible with polycarbonate.

In lubrication applications some oil mist may escape from the point of use to the surrounding atmosphere. Users are referred to safety and health standards for limiting oil mist contamination and utilization of protecting eauipment

Before using these products with fluids other than air, for nonindustrial applications, or for life-support systems consult Noraren









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NOTES FOR CURRENT AND EARLY MODELS NOTES FOR CURRENT AND EARLY MODELS Current reservoirs use a lip on the reservoir inside diameter and early reservoirs use a lip on the reservoir outside diameter to retain reservoir o-ring. Services kit contains current and early reservoir o-rings. The larger of the o-rings is used on the early reservoir. Reservoirs are not interchangeable. Reservoirs with outside o-ring lip must be used on early bodies, and reservoirs with inside o-ring lip must be used on current bodies.